

**Indian Statistical Institute, Bangalore**

M. Math. First Year

First Semester - Linear Algebra

Back Paper Exam    Duration : 3 hours    Max Marks 100    Date : January 03, 2018

1. Define the wedge powers of a vector space, and prove their existence. [20]
2. (a) If  $S, T : V \rightarrow V$  are commuting linear operators on a vector space then show that if  $W$  is an invariant subspace for  $T$  then  $S(W)$  is also  $T$ -invariant.  
(b) Hence, show that if  $T : V \rightarrow V$  is a normal operator on an inner product space and  $W$  is a  $T$ -invariant subspace then so is  $W^\perp$ . [10 + 10 = 20]
3. (a) If  $G$  is a non-trivial finite abelian group then show that there are numbers  $1 < d_1 | d_2 | \dots | d_n$  such that  $G$  is isomorphic to the direct product of the groups  $\mathbb{Z}/d_i\mathbb{Z}$ ,  $1 \leq i \leq n$ .  
(b) Show that the numbers  $d_i$ ,  $1 \leq i \leq n$  in (a) are uniquely determined by  $G$ . [10 + 10 = 20]
4. (a) Let  $V_n$  be the vector space of all polynomials of degree  $< n$  (over some field). Define  $T : V_n \rightarrow V_n$  by  $(Tf)(x) = \frac{f(x)-f(0)}{x}$ . Find all the eigenvalues and eigenspaces of  $T$ .  
(b) Let  $E : V \rightarrow V$  be a linear operator on a vector space such that  $E^2 = E$ . Then find all the eigenvalues and eigenspaces of  $E$ . [10 + 10 = 20]
5. (a) Show that all the submodules of the  $\mathbb{Z}$ -module  $\mathbb{Z}^n$  are free of rank  $\leq n$ .  
(b) For each  $n \geq 1$ , given an example of a proper submodule of  $\mathbb{Z}^n$  of rank  $n$ . [10 + 10 = 20]